Chebyshev Polynomials

[Nematrian website page: ChebyshevPolynomials, © Nematrian 2015]

The Chebyshev polynomial of degree n is denoted $T_n(x)$. It is defined as:

$$T_n(x) \equiv \cos(n\cos^{-1}x) \qquad -1 \le x \le 1$$

Chebyshev polynomials satisfy the following relationships and recursion formulae: Recursion formulae:

$$\begin{split} T_0(x) &= 1 \\ T_1(x) &= x \\ T_n(x) &= 2xT_{n-1}(x) - T_{n-2}(x) \quad n = 2,3, \ldots \end{split}$$

Zeros, exactly n distinct zeros in the interval [-1,1], as follows:

$$T_n(x) = 0$$
 for $x_k = \cos\left(\frac{(2k+1)\pi}{2n}\right)$ $k = 0, 1, ..., n-1$

Extrema, exactly n + 1 real extrema in the interval [-1,1], as follows:

$$\begin{split} |T_n(x)| &\leq 1 \quad -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ T_n(x_k) &= (-1)^k \ for \ x_k = \cos \frac{k\pi}{n} \ k = 0, \dots n \end{split}$$

Orthogonality:

$$\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{T_m(x)T_n(x)}{(1-x^2)^{1/2}} dx = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } m \neq n \\ \pi/2 & \text{for } m = n \neq 0 \\ \pi & \text{for } m = n = 0 \end{cases}$$